

ALL SAINTS

LUTHERAN CHURCH / BYRON, IL

Emergency Response Plan

Adopted March 12, 2018

All Saints Lutheran Church 624 Luther Drive, Byron, IL 61010 (815) 234-5277 www.allsaintsbyron.org

All Saints Lutheran Church Emergency Response Plan March 12, 2018

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I. Purpose

The purpose of this plan is to provide the management structure, key responsibilities, emergency assignments, and general procedures to follow during and immediately after an emergency to ensure the safety and well-being of congregation members, church staff, volunteers, visitors and others in the event that an emergency occurs at All Saints Lutheran Church. The Congregation Council shall be responsible for the periodic review and update (as necessary) of this document.

II. Situations:

- 1. Medical emergencies
- 2. Fire, hazardous materials incident, nuclear incident, etc.
- 3. Severe weather (tornado, lightning storm, winter storm, flood, etc.)
- Bomb Threat and/or Suspicious Object
- 5. Civil disturbance
- 6. Hostage Situation
- 7. Unauthorized Armed Subject and/or Active Shooter

III. Assumptions

If evacuation is recommended, church facility occupants can assume, but should not solely rely on, assistance from the Byron Police Department, Byron Fire Protection District, County Sheriff's Department, and/or Ogle County Emergency Management Agency (EMA).

IV. Concept of Operation

The Congregation Council is responsible for the protection of life and property and insuring that disaster response is safe and effective. The President of the Congregation Council (President) and/or Pastor are also responsible for recommending evacuations of the facility. Warnings and information will be given to occupants of the facility in a manner as quickly as possible either by fire alarm, telephone, writing or orally depending on the urgency of the situation. In the absence of instructions from the President or Pastor, the person(s) in leadership position shall make decisions to protect the safety and welfare of facility occupants.

Remember these are just guidelines and suggestions on how to respond to some emergency situations that might occur. Always be aware of situations and take what actions that are necessary to provide safety for all employees, building occupants, volunteers and public.

V. In Case of Emergency, Call 911

Call 911 to report all emergencies, including fires or fire alarms, bomb threats, injuries requiring medical assistance, hazardous materials incidents, or any other incident requiring rapid response. It is important to give the 911 operator the following information when reporting an incident:

- 1. Your name and re-contact number
- 2. Your location
- 3. Nature of emergency

4. Number of people involved

Follow any other instructions that the 911 operator gives you.

VI. Medical emergencies

In the event of a medical emergency:

- 1. Call 911.
- 2. Give your location.
- 3. Provide caller's name and re-contact number.
- 4. Provide nature of injury and severity.
- 5. Provide location of the injured person(s).
- 6. Provide age and sex of injured person(s).
- 7. Provide current condition/medical history.

Remain with the person with the medical injury. DO NOT move them unless they are in immediate danger.

Follow any other instructions that the 911 operator gives you until medical personnel arrive.

VII. General Evacuation Procedures

In many emergency situations, building evacuations will be necessary. These are the general evacuation procedures; additional information about specific types of emergencies is available in later sections of this plan.

- 1. Building occupants will be notified of the evacuation.
- 2. All occupants must leave the building immediately if the fire alarm is activated, or if directed to do so by leadership in charge.
- 3. Leadership in charge or designee will oversee and assist the evacuation to the extent possible without endangering further loss of life or themselves.
- 4. All occupants should exit the building through the nearest safe exit.
- 5. If the nearest exit is obstructed by smoke, fire or other hazards proceed to an alternate exit.
- 6. Once outdoors, all occupants should move to the designated Rally Point 1 (southwest corner of property see Rally Point 1 Map on page 20).
- 7. Once assembled, leadership in charge or designee will conduct a head count.
- 8. Occupants will not re-enter the building until cleared to do so by emergency personnel.

VIII. Emergency Evacuation for Persons with Disabilities:

1. <u>Hearing impaired</u>:

Persons with hearing impairments may not hear audio alarms and will need to be alerted to emergency situations by an evacuation assistant.

2. <u>Visually impaired</u>:

Most people with visual impairments will be familiar with their immediate surroundings and frequently traveled routes. Since the evacuation route may be different from the commonly traveled route, persons who are visually impaired may need assistance in evacuation. During the evacuation, the evacuation assistant should communicate as necessary to ensure safe evacuation. Leadership in charge should assess the needs of any building occupants with special needs within their zone before an emergency and arrange for nearby individuals to serve as evacuation assistants.

IX. Emergency Procedures

1. Fire

A. <u>If you discover a fire or smoke in the building:</u>

- Remove yourself from immediate danger;
- Assist others in leaving the danger as long as it is safe to do so;
- Confine the fire or smoke by closing doors and windows as you leave if safe to do so;
- Activate the nearest fire alarm to alert building occupants;
- Call 911 and be prepared to provide the address and location of the fire;
- Know the locations of portable fire extinguishers in the building;
- If possible and safe, attempt to extinguish the fire;
- Evacuate the building through nearest safe exit;
- Go to designated Rally Point 1 (southwest corner of the property see Rally Point 1 Map on page 20);
- Once assembled, leadership in charge will conduct and verify head count;
- Stay at Rally Point 1 and wait for additional instructions;

B. <u>If you hear or see a fire alarm:</u>

- NEVER assume the fire alarm is a false alarm;
- Move to the safest building exit;
- Close doors as you leave an area;
- Exit the building;
- Go to designated RALLY POINT 1 (southwest corner of the property see Rally Point 1 Map on page 20);
- Once assembled, leadership in charge will conduct and verify head count.
- Stay at Rally Point 1 and wait for additional instructions.

C. If trapped inside your office or area:

- Wedge cloth material along the bottom of the door to keep smoke out.
- Close as many doors as possible between you and the fire.
- Call 911 and notify them of your situation.

- Break windows only as last resort.
- If necessary, signal through the window to let safety personnel know your location, otherwise stay close to the floor.

2. <u>Tornadoes</u>

- A. <u>Tornado Watch</u>: A tornado watch is a forecast of the possibility of one or more tornadoes in a large area. Continue normal activities but listen to a local radio station for updated weather information and be ready to take action.
- B. <u>Tornado Warning</u>: A tornado warning means that a tornado has been detected and may be approaching. If the tornado siren is sounded, or if warnings are heard on local media, or if weather conditions look threatening, employees shall follow these procedures.
 - Alert all building occupants of impending weather.
 - Move quickly to designated Shelter Areas if possible. The designated shelter areas are the basement and/or the restrooms in the northeast corner of the education wing.
 - If you are unable to safely proceed to a designated Shelter Area, you should move to other safe areas such as interior hallways or interior spaces without windows.
 - DO NOT go outdoors or attempt to outrun the storm.
 - Remain in the safe area until conditions are safe for you to return.
 - NO "ALL CLEAR" siren will be sounded.

IF YOU ARE OUTDOORS:

- Go quickly inside a sturdy building.
- Stay away from possible hazards (power lines, traffic, trees, etc...).
- Assume a fetal position and cover your head.
- Wait for the weather to subside.

C. <u>Sirens</u>:

The Ogle County Sheriff's Office/EMA Office tones the county sirens as follows:

Steady Siren (1-3 minutes) for all emergencies including weather related, chemical, nuclear or any other type emergency. Tune in to local radio stations listed on page 16 for details of the emergency.

A monthly test of the sirens will be conducted the first Tuesday of each month at 10:00 A.M.

3. <u>Other Severe Weather</u>

A. Severe Thunderstorm and Lightening.

Public warning is issued by the National Weather Service via radio and television. In case of such an event, employees shall shut down computers that contain secure and/or confidential information and go to the designated shelter area, if necessary, until the storm passes.

B. Winter Storm or Blizzard.

Public warning is issued by the National Weather Service via radio and television. The closing of the church office is determined by the President and/or Pastor. Staff should be instructed to use regular routes to return home, wear appropriate clothing and to be especially careful when driving.

Cancellation of worship services and/or other scheduled events is determined by the President and Pastor, or other appropriate leadership in charge of scheduled event(s). Local radio and television stations will be notified of any cancellation(s) as soon as practicable, and notice of cancellation(s) will be posted on the All Saints Lutheran Church website (www.allsaintsbyron.org) and Facebook page.

C. Flood

Public warning is issued by the National Weather Service via radio and television. If flash flooding or general flooding is imminent, building occupants should go to higher ground to prevent personal injury. If possible, and if time permits, efforts should be taken to preserve church records, documents and equipment.

Never wade through flood waters or inundated basements! Physical, electrical and sanitary hazards exist in flooded structures or areas.

Driving in flooded streets is dangerous and must be avoided. Alternate routes should be used or travel restricted.

Specific instructions may be given by the President, Pastor or designee.

4. <u>Earthquakes</u>

During an earthquake the "solid" earth moves or sways. The shaking is seldom the actual cause of injury or death. Most casualties result from falling objects and debris because the shocks can damage or destroy buildings. Landslides and fires also can be triggered by earthquakes. For a building to be properly prepared, actions must be taken before, during, and after an earthquake has occurred.

Church occupants should be informed of the danger of earthquakes before an earthquake occurs. It is important that people occupying the church facilities know where to seek shelter and how to protect their heads and bodies from falling or flying objects.

DROP AND COVER YOUR HEAD, FACE AWAY FROM WINDOWS. REMAIN UNDER SHELTER UNTIL THE SHAKING STOPS.

Church facility occupants who are in a conference or meeting room should crawl beneath desks or tables, place their heads between their knees and cover their heads with their arms. People who are in hallways or large open areas should move to an interior wall, crouch down and cover their heads with their arms. People who are outdoors should move away from buildings and utility wires and either lie or sit down. People should remain covered for approximately sixty seconds.

What Happens During An Earthquake?

The first indication of a damaging earthquake may be a gentle shaking. You may notice the swaying of hanging plants or light fixtures or hear objects wobbling on shelves. The first indication of an earthquake could also be a violent jolt (such as a sonic boom). You may hear a low rumbling noise such as thunder. After these preliminary indicators, the shaking increases and it may be difficult to stand up or move from one place to another. Do not wait to be certain that an earthquake is occurring, take immediate action! At the first indication of shaking, have staff drop and cover as described above. Everyone remains covered until the leadership in charge is certain that the shaking has stopped.

During an earthquake the following events may happen:

- Objects will slide and crash together.
- Free standing cabinets and bookshelves may fall over.
- Wall mounted objects may shake loose and fly across the room.
- Suspended ceiling components may pop out bringing light fixtures, ventilators and many other ceiling fixtures down with them.
- Door frames may be bent and may jam doors shut. Window frames may bend and break causing windows to shatter sending dangerous shards of glass into rooms.
- The noise levels may be extremely high and many unfamiliar sounds will be heard. This will cause great emotional stress on all involved.

During an earthquake, the overriding concern must be for the safety of as many individuals as possible. A sense of order, although difficult to maintain, is needed throughout the event.

What To Do After An Earthquake Occurs

After an earthquake has passed the following things need to be considered:

- Structural damage to the building needs to be assessed by someone. Evacuation may be necessary and may need to be accomplished promptly.
- First aid may need to be rendered by trained volunteers or health care professionals.

- Fires of small origin need to be extinguished.
- Gas mains, water mains, and electrical service may need to be shut off by someone who is trained to do this.
- It may be necessary to find out if everyone is accounted for.
- The building may be isolated from its surroundings because of damage to highways or telephone lines. It may be necessary for the building to be self-sufficient for hours or perhaps a few days.
- Aftershocks also may occur after the initial tremor. It may be necessary to take cover again while implementing the above steps.

Calm, diligent actions will be the best way to assure safety and efficiency during and after an earthquake.

5. <u>Nuclear Emergencies</u>

A regional plan titled <u>Byron 6 Illinois Plan for Radiological Accidents</u> (IPRA) covering possible nuclear power plant emergencies will include all offices in the area. For guidance, follow procedures set forth in the Byron 6 IPRA Plan. The Ogle County EMA Office will advise as to emergency actions.

Decisions that will have to be made:

- To send church facility occupants home when official emergency communications indicate there is sufficient time to arrive home before dangerous conditions develop.
- If conditions will not allow time for church facility occupants to be released, they will be assembled in designated shelter areas in each building. SHELTER AREA is the Conference Room.
- Other emergency centers or shelters will be identified by Ogle County EMA in accordance with the IPRA Plan. If necessary to relocate church facility occupants.

6. <u>Hazardous Materials Incident (external to the church facility)</u>

Warning of a hazardous materials incident is usually received from the fire or police department or from emergency services officials (EMA) when such incidents occur sufficiently near the office to be a threat to safety. An overturned tanker, either a truck or a train, a broken fuel line, or an incident in a commercial establishment that uses chemicals are all potential hazards if such incidents occur near the church facility or if the wind could carry fumes from such incidents to the church facility.

Whether the incident occurs at the church or not, follow this procedure:

- Determine the need to leave the building, after consulting with local safety officials.
- If it is determined that church occupants should leave the building, ensure that everyone has exited the area.
- Evacuate the building through the nearest safe exit.
- Notify the Fire Department, Police Department and Sheriff's Office 9-1-1
- Render first aid if necessary.

Arrange transportation of church facility occupants to public shelter if necessary.

The Scene Commander will direct further action as required. Church facility occupants must not return to the church facility until the fire department and agency administration have declared the area safe.

7. <u>Bomb Threat</u>

If a call is received that a bomb has been planted at the church, try to determine the following from the caller. If the caller won't answer a specific question go on to the next question and try to obtain as much information as possible. The form on this page should be copied and placed by every telephone in the church facility.

Date call received:	Time call received:			
Name of caller:				
Who placed the bomb:				
Exact location of bomb:				
Time set for detonation:				
What the bomb looks like:				
Why the bomb was placed:				
What kind of explosive was used:				
Caller:MaleFemaleAdult				
Are there any identifying background noises?				
Name of person receiving call:				

If the caller does not wish to answer questions, try to encourage the caller to do so by expressing a desire to save lives.

After the call, evacuate the building immediately to **RALLY POINT 2** (Mercyhealth Byron Medical Clinic parking lot at 130 Kysor Drive which is located approximately 500 feet southeast of the southeast corner of the church building – see Rally Point 2 Map on page 21). Call 911, and follow instructions from emergency responders.

If any suspicious object believed to be a bomb is discovered, the following procedures should be followed:

- Do not move or disturb the object.
- Evacuate the building through nearest safe exit.
- Evacuate the building immediately to the RALLY POINT 2 with a distance of at least 500 feet from the building.

- Walk to RALLY POINT 2.
- **RALLY POINT 2** for All Saints Lutheran Church will be the Mercyhealth Byron Medical Clinic parking lot located at 130 Kysor Drive (located approximately 500 feet southeast of the southeast corner of the church building see Rally Point 2 Map on page 21).
- <u>Do not</u> enter or take your vehicle. <u>Secondary devices</u> <u>could be placed in or around vehicles.</u>
- Do not activate the buildings fire alarm system unless there is a fire.
- Do not use wireless phones or two-way radios in close proximity of the suspected device.
- Be sure police and fire authorities know the exact location of the suspected bomb/object.
- It may be necessary to move church occupants to a shelter for a period of time depending on weather conditions. These shelters will be determined by proper authorities, as needed.
- No person should approach or enter the church building until authorities determine that it is safe to re-enter the building.

If a bomb explodes within the church building, follow these steps:

- Evacuate the building through nearest safe exit.
- <u>Walk</u> to **RALLY POINT 2** (Mercyhealth Byron Medical Clinic parking lot located at 130 Kysor Drive See Rally Point 2 Map on page 21). <u>Do not</u> enter or take your vehicle.
- Be aware of possible placed secondary devices. (i.e. vehicles, building exterior, mailbox, landscaping, etc.)
- Render first aid if necessary.
- Once assembled, the President, Pastor or leadership in charge will conduct and verify a head count.
- Stay at RALLY POINT 2 and wait for additional instructions.

8. <u>Civil Disturbance</u>

Public/Civil disturbances can include such instances as an irate person or the other extreme, public demonstrations or even riots.

Potentially dangerous or violent people should be dealt with very cautiously, taking special care not to agitate them further.

If a church occupant or employee feels threatened by someone at any time, he or she should leave the building and call the President, Pastor or 911 for help and follow the advice of law enforcement personnel.

9. <u>Hostage Situation</u>

IF YOU HEAR OR SEE A HOSTAGE SITUATION

- A. Immediately remove yourself from any danger;
- B. Call 911;
- C. Be prepared to give the following information:
 - Location of incident.
 - Number of possible hostage takers.
 - Physical description and names of hostage takers, if possible.
 - Number of possible hostages.
 - Any weapons the hostage takers may have.
 - Your name.
 - Your location and re-contact number.

IF YOU ARE TAKEN HOSTAGE

- A. Remain calm, be polite and cooperate with your captors.
- B. DO NOT attempt escape unless there is extremely good chance of survival. It is safer to be submissive and obey your captors.
- C. Speak normally. DO NOT complain, avoid being belligerent and comply with all orders and instructions.
- D. DO NOT draw attention to yourself with sudden body movements, statements, comments or hostile looks.
- E. Observe the captors and try to memorize their physical traits, voice patterns, clothing or other details that can help provide a description later.
- F. Avoid getting into political or ideological discussions with the captors.
- G. Try to establish a relationship with your captors and get to know them. Captors are less likely to harm you if they respect you.
- H. If forced to present terrorist demands to authorities, either in writing or on tape, state clearly that the demands are from your captors. Avoid making a plea on your own behalf.

IN A RESCUE SITUATION

- A. DO NOT RUN. Drop to the floor and remain still. If that is not possible, make no sudden moves that a tense rescuer may interpret as hostile or threatening.
- B. Wait for instructions and obey all instructions you are given.
- C. Do not be upset, resist, or argue if a rescuer isn't sure whether you are a captor or hostage.
- D. Even if you are handcuffed and searched, <u>DO NOT RESIST</u>. Just wait for the incident to resolve.
- E. You will be taken to a safe area, where proper identification and status will be determined.

10. Unauthorized Armed Subject / Active Shooter:

If you are involved in situation where someone has entered the area and started "Acts of Violence", the following is a list of actions that are recommended. It should be noted that these types of incidents are unpredictable. The below guidelines are recommendations that are based on past experiences. You may have to alter some of these suggestions, depending on the situation.

- A. Exit the building immediately only if it's safe to do so and notify anyone you may encounter to exit the building also.
- B. If it is not safe to exit the building, follow the recommendations listed below this section.
- C. Attempt to let a supervisor or fellow worker know that you are leaving so that everyone can be accounted for.
- D. Call 911:
 - Give your name.
 - Provide location of incident (be as specific as possible).
 - Provide identification or description of shooter.
 - Provide number of persons who may be involved.
 - Provide your location and re-contact information.
- E. Do not be upset, resist, or argue if rescuer isn't sure if you are involved with the incident or a victim. Even if you are handcuffed and searched, <u>DO NOT RESIST</u>. Just wait for the incident to resolve.

IF YOU ARE DIRECTLY INVOLVED AND EXITING THE BUILDING IS NOT POSSIBLE, OR NOT SAFE TO DO SO, THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS ARE RECOMMENDED:

- A. Go the nearest room or office.
- B. <u>Close</u> and <u>lock</u> the doors.
- C. Cover the door window.
- D. Keep quiet and act as if no one is in the room.
- E. DO NOT answer the door.
- F. Call 911:
 - Give your name.
 - Provide location of incident (be as specific as possible).
 - Provide identification or description of shooter.
 - Provide number of persons who may be involved.
 - Provide your location and re-contact information.
- G. <u>Wait</u> for law enforcement personnel to assist you out of the building.

ACTIVE SHOOTER is defined as "...an armed person who has used deadly physical force on other persons and continues to do so while having unrestricted access to additional victims".

During an Active Shooter Incident the police response will be **IMMEDIATE ACTION RAPID DEPLOYMENT (IARD)**.

IARD is a term used to describe a police tactic that provides swift deployment of law enforcement resources to developing or on-going, life-threatening situations where delayed deployment of emergency personnel could otherwise result in death or great bodily harm to innocent persons. The innocents are likely to be incapable of self protection or escape to a safer environment owing to duress, time and/or other logistical restriction.

An important element to effective IARD tactics is the establishment of close physical proximity with the threat(s) at the earliest opportunity. The sooner the shooter can be contained, captured or neutralized, the fewer the casualties incurred. During the pursuit, police officers will move through unsecured areas and bypass dead, wounded and panicked citizens while approaching the perpetrator(s). It is important for law enforcement personnel to survive the encounter to end massacre, rather than become additional victims. People need to try and remain calm and patient during this time, so as not to interfere with police operations. Normally, a rescue team is formed shortly after the first responding officers enter the building. They will be the officers who will search for injured parties and get everyone safely out of the building.

11. Suspicious Mail or Packages

- A. If a letter is received with no return address, restrictive markings ("Personal" or "Special Delivery"), is sealed with tape, has misspelled words, is badly typed or written, has unknown powder or a suspicious substance, is possibly mailed from a foreign country or has excessive postage; or if a package is received that contains oily stains, discolorations, crystallization on wrapper, excessive tape or string, strange odor, is rigid or bulky, lopsided or uneven, or has protruding wires:
 - a. Do not handle;
 - b. Isolate it immediately;
 - c. Do not open smell or taste.
 - d. Notify the pastor or President as soon as possible.
- B. If it is suspected that the mail or package contains a bomb (explosive), or radiological, biological or chemical threat, isolate the area immediately, call 911 and wash hands immediately with soap and water.

X. Non-Emergency Situations and Conditions

If anyone becomes aware of an unsafe condition or situation, or issues with the church building or property, it must be reported immediately. Examples of unsafe conditions include, but are not necessarily limited to the following:

- Leaks and drainage.
- Building temperature/climate control.
- Lighting.
- Electrical systems.
- Hazardous conditions due to ice and/or snow.
- Down trees/tree limbs.

Building conveniences.

Church personnel (staff, volunteers, etc.) matters.

TO REPORT ANY UNSAFE CONDITION OR SITUATION, CALL:

Mike Reibel, Congregation Council President – 815-978-9832 Doug Knodle, Property Committee Chairperson – 815-751-0312 Pastor Janet Wold – 815-988-1109

For non-emergency assistance, making appointments, reporting lost ID or valuables, etc. contact the following:

Pastor Janet Wold

All Saints Lutheran Church: 815-234-5277 (office)

XI. Church Security Policies and Procedures

- 1. Staff and/or volunteers should never be in the church facility alone. There should be at least two persons present at all times that the church facility is in use.
- 2. An internal distress code should be established for church facility employees and/or volunteers that will alert others in the church facility to your need for assistance. For example, if church office workers or volunteers typically address each other by first name, your distress code may be that addressing a person by last name (i.e., "Mr. Smith") will signal a distress situation.
- 3. All exterior church facility doors should be kept locked except when in use. Typically, only the main church entrance doors (portico entrance nearest church office) and the kitchen door (west entrance) will be unlocked and accessible during use times. The south (education wing) entrance door and any other exterior entrance doors shall remain locked at all times.
- 4. For evening use of the church facility for meetings, choir practice, confirmation class, and similar activities the church facility entrance doors should be unlocked for a minimal amount of time to allow users and/or participants the opportunity to arrive. After everyone that is expected has arrived at the activity/event all church facility doors should be locked.

Church facility users for evening events/activities should park in well-lit areas, and choose a well-lit route from their vehicles to the church facility entrance and vice versa. Every effort will be made by ASL to provide adequate exterior lighting.

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS

Emergency – Ambulance, Fire, Police911				
Ogle County Emergency Management Agency (EMA)(815) 732-6666 Ogle County Emergency Management Agency (EMA)(24 hour) (815) 732-2136				
Illinois Emergency Management Agency (IEMA)(800) 782-7860				
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)(616) 961-77				
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA)(217) 78. (Environmental Emergencies 24 hours/day)				
OTHER IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS				
Church Office / Pastor Janet Wold(815) 234-5277				
Congregation Council President (Mike Reibel)(815) 978-9832				
Property Committee Chairperson (Doug Knodle)(815) 751-031				

HOSPITALS

Freeport Memorial Hospital (Freeport). Katherine Shaw Bethea Hospital (Dixon). Rochelle Community Hospital (Rochelle). Monroe Clinic Hospital Division (Monroe). Rockford Memorial Hospital (Rockford). St. Anthony Hospital (Rockford). St. Anthony Hospital Burn Center (Rockford). 815/235-42 815/235-42 815/236-20 815/236-20 815/236-20 815/395-53	531 181 100 861 000			
CGH Medical Center (Sterling)815/625-04	400			
Swedish American Hospital (Rockford)815/968-44	400			
CLINICS				
Swedish American Byron Clinic (Byron).779/696-13Mercyhealth Byron (Byron).815/971-30OSF Medical Group: Byron (Byron).815/234-39Swedish American Davis Junction Clinic (Davis Junction).779/696-92	000 900			
Family Healthcare Center (Rochelle). Freeport Clinic (Freeport). KSB Center for Health Services (Oregon). Medical Arts Center (Rochelle). Monroe Clinic (Monroe, WI). Neurological Clinic of Rockford (Rockford). Polo Family Health Center (Polo). Rochelle Family Health Care Center (Rochelle). Rochelle Medical Clinic (Rochelle). 815/562-87 KSB Hospital – Mt. Morris Clinic (Mt. Morris). 815/734-60	111 151 500 000 548 661 784 728			

RADIO STATIONS

The following radio stations will broadcast emergency information from the emergency agencies:

FM 102.3	WRHL Rochelle
FM 97.5	WZOK Rockford
FM 101.7	WIXN Dixon
FM 107.7	WLLT Dixon
AM 1060	WRHL Rochelle
AM 1440	WROK Rockford
AM 1460	WIXN Dixon
AM 1360	WLBK DeKalb